IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA ROANOKE DIVISION

NOV 28 2017
JULIA C DUDLEY, CLERK BY: DERUTY CLERK

ANTHONY S. FERGUSON,)	Civil	Action No. 7:17-cv-00460	•
Plaintiff,)			
)			
v.)	MEN	IORANDUM OPINION	
NEW RIVER VALLEY REGIONAL)			
JAIL,	Ć	By:	Hon. Jackson L. Kiser	
Defendant.)	·	Senior United States Distric	t Judge

Anthony S. Ferguson, a Virginia inmate proceeding <u>pro</u> <u>se</u>, filed a complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 naming the New River Valley Regional Jail ("Jail") as the sole defendant.

This matter is before me for screening pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A.

The Jail is not amenable to suit via § 1983. See West v. Atkins, 487 U.S. 42, 48 (1988) (recognizing a § 1983 claim must allege the violation of a federal right by a person acting under color of state law); Preval v. Reno, 57 F. Supp. 2d 307, 310 (E.D. Va. 1999) ("[T]he Piedmont Regional Jail is not a "person," and therefore not amenable to suit under 42 U.S.C. § 1983."), aff'd in part and rev'd in part, 203 F.3d 821 (4th Cir. 2000), reported in full-text format at 2000 U.S. App. LEXIS 465, at *3, 2000 WL 20591, at *1 ("The court also properly determined that the Piedmont Regional Jail is not a 'person' and is therefore not amenable to suit under § 1983[.]"). Accordingly, I dismiss the complaint without prejudice for failing to state a claim upon which relief may be granted. To the extent Plaintiff may be able to name a "person" subject to suit via § 1983, Plaintiff is granted ten days to file a motion to amend the complaint that states a claim upon which relief may be granted against a person acting under color of state law. See, e.g., Gordon v. Leeke, 574 F.2d 1147, 1152 (4th Cir. 1978).

Plaintiff may find it preferable to take longer than ten days to consult legal resources, think about his allegations, and file a new complaint in a new and separate action. If Plaintiff chooses not to file the motion within ten days, Plaintiff would not be prejudiced because he is allowed to file a complaint in a new and separate action at the time of his choice subject to the applicable limitations period. See, e.g., Owens v. Okure, 488 U.S. 235, 249-50 (1989); Va. Code § 8.01-243(A).

If Plaintiff instead rushes and chooses to seek an amendment in this case, he should know that the court may dismiss the amended complaint with prejudice as frivolous or for failing to state a claim upon which relief may be granted and assess a "strike." Plaintiff should understand that he is allowed only three "strikes" from both complaints in district courts and appeals in courts of appeals before he is limited no longer allowed to proceed in forma pauperis without prepaying the \$400 filing fee absent certain conditions. Congress created this "three-strikes" rule as an economic incentive for prisoners to "stop and think" before filing a complaint. See, e.g., Rogers v. Bluhm, No. 1:07cv1177, 2007 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 91646, 2007 WL 440187, at *1 (W.D. Mich. Dec. 13, 2007).

ENTER: This day of November, 2017.

Senior United States District Judge